

FINANCE BODY GIVES FOREIGN TRADE AID

Announcement Made By Mayer, Managing Director, in Address Before Exporters at Chicago.

MANY PROBLEMS OFFERED

European Conditions Make Trade Difficult and Advantage of Federal Help Is Urged.

(CHICAGO, April 24)—American exporters desiring to extend their foreign trade but who are unable to make satisfactory credit arrangements with their banks will receive government aid through the war finance corporation.

This announcement was made tonight by Eugene Mayer, Jr., managing director of the war finance corporation, in an address before the sixth national foreign trade convention which opened a three-day session today.

"If you gentlemen representing American production should make satisfactory arrangements with foreign purchasers which cannot be secured by your banks, the war finance corporation is ready to stand behind you, help you, if you wish it, in creating and carrying out a system of long term credits and obligations for the promotion of international trade," said Mr. Mayer.

Business Hesitates. He also stated that the war finance corporation is ready to let live policy. European conditions, he said, make foreign trade difficult and unusual methods were necessary to meet the abnormal conditions. He said business on both sides of the ocean was hesitating because of political and business uncertainties.

The problems to follow the league of nations would be economic and require the services of men trained by study and experience. He emphasized the need of especially trained men to meet the country's new problems.

The study of foreign trade and foreign languages are urged as necessary preparation for meeting the situation. Necessity of a merchant marine, improved transportation facilities, reduced freight rates, lower manufacturing costs and reciprocal trade agreements for the desired expansion of this country's export business was emphasized by the speakers.

Charles J. Brand, chief of the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, spoke of the vital problem of agriculture in foreign trade. He said that 48 per cent of the United States export business consisted of agricultural products, of which cotton was the leading commodity.

He said the department of agriculture will soon send three agents to Europe to act as permanent representatives to aid in the development of this country's export trade.

John M. Parker, New Orleans, declared that a merchant marine was the need of this country's export trade. He said he was opposed to the disposition of the vessels built by the government during the war until it can be ascertained how many are needed in our foreign trade.

He said he was opposed to government ownership of either railroads or ships and the sooner the transportation lines are returned to their owners the better it would be for the business of the country. He urged the development of commerce in the Mississippi valley along north and south lines, and said that Mexico, Central America and South America offered rich fields for American trade.

"This country was not invaded during the war but it soon will be invaded by the business of foreign countries and we must prepare to meet this situation," said Mr. Parker.

He urged business men to take a more active interest in politics and demand necessary legislation to guard the interests of industry.

William S. Culberson of the United States tariff commission, spoke on the value of a bargaining tariff in foreign trade.

Countess of Paris Dies. MADRID, April 24—The death of the Countess of Paris, mother of the Duke of Orleans, and the Bourbon-Orleans royal house of France, was announced today.

Paris, who was 70 years old, is survived by two sons and three daughters. Her eldest daughter is former Queen Amelie of Portugal. Before her marriage in 1844 to the Countess of Paris, she was Princess Isabella of Orleans, an Infanta of Spain. The countess has been making her home near Seville.

THIS WOMAN FOUND HEALTH

And Escaped an Operation by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Hazelhurst, Ga.—"I have used your remedy for only three months, and I feel like a new woman. Before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was so ill from a female trouble that I was forced to stay in bed for a week at a time with weakness and pain, but your medicine has done so much for me that I am recommending it to all suffering women. It certainly is a great medicine and is a sure road to health for women. You may publish this letter if you like."—Mrs. W. C. LITTLE, R. F. D. 4, Hazelhurst, Ga.

Women who suffer from headaches, nervousness, backache, the blues and other symptoms of a functional derangement should give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial.

For forty years it has been overcoming such ailments of women after other medicines have failed.

If you want special suggestions in regard to your condition, write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of long experience in your service, and your letter will be held in strict confidence.

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New Governor Named for Alsace-Lorraine



M. Millerand.

M. Millerand has been appointed governor of Alsace-Lorraine by President Poincaré of France. Millerand's headquarters will be at Strasbourg. M. Jonart declined the position recently. Millerand is a former minister of war.

OKLAHOMA HOLDING LEAD IN KANSAS CITY DISTRICT

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 24—First official reports from heads of state victory loan committees to officials of the federal reserve district, which were made today, indicated confidence in all states of the district that the quota will be easily subscribed. It was stated here tonight.

Okla. maintained the early lead which it took in the campaign and reported a total of \$5,585,700. Total subscriptions reported in the district up to tonight amounted to \$13,962,650.

EMINENTLY PROPER, SAYS TAFT OF WILSON'S STAND

ALDREME, Okla., April 24—"Eminently proper," exclaimed former President William Howard Taft in an interview here today on President Wilson's statement in Paris yesterday regarding Italian demands at the peace conference.

Italy, the former president said, could not consistently obstruct the working out of the treaty of peace, inasmuch as that country is dependent upon America financially and for foodstuffs and coal.

Mr. Taft, in an address here today, outlined the proposed covenant of the league of nations and explained his belief in the practicability of the world society.

ORLANDO ISSUES REBUKE TO WILSON

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE

of civilization which the Italian people have attained under its democratic and liberal regime.

"To oppose the Italian people and government would be to admit that this great free nation would submit to the yoke of a will other than its own, and I should be forced to protest strongly against such an unjust and offensive to my country."

President Wilson's statement, Premier Orlando says it entirely purports to demonstrate that the Italian claims beyond certain limits laid down in his message violate the principles upon which he founded the new regime of right justice and liberty among peoples.

The premier added that he never denied those principles and that even President Wilson would do him the justice to say that in the long conversations they had had together, he (Orlando) had never relied upon the formal authority of a treaty by which he reversed the Wilsonian position, but merely relied on reason and justice, upon which Italy's claims were based.

Changes Many Times. Signor Orlando deplored the fact that he could not convince President Wilson, although the president admitted that justice and truth are the monopoly of no man and that all men err. The conference, he pointed out, has had to change its mind many times and he does not think himself disrespectful by asking it to change it again.

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WILSON STAND IS GIVEN APPROVAL

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE

ple of China and the severe criticism of the people of France. If we have accomplished this much in four months, how much could we accomplish under the league of nations in ten years.

Europeans Come Here. "Another thing is already apparent when you take into consideration expressions in the newspapers in Japan, Italy, France and England today and that is if we undertake to deal with European affairs nothing can keep them from interfering in American affairs."

The most powerful argument in the world for a quick and speedy conclusion of a peace treaty with Germany and her allies and of our return home is found in the present situation.

Confidential dispatches from Paris to authorized officials here today indicated that the crisis brought about by Italy's demands and the unalterable determination of President Wilson not to become a party to recognition of secret treaties had so upset the plans of the peace conference.

The history of the negotiations, he declares, will show that the Italian delegation acted not only with firmness but with a grand spirit of conciliation.

He concludes his statement as follows: "The presidential message ends with a warm declaration of America's friendship for Italy. I reply in the name of the Italian people, and proudly claim the right and honor to do this as one, who in the most tragic hour of this war, proclaimed the cry of resistance at all costs."

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SAYS HOT WATER WASHES POISONS FROM THE LIVER

Everyone should drink hot water with phosphate in it, before breakfast.

To feel as fine as the proverbial fiddle, we must keep the liver washed clean, almost every morning, to prevent its sponge-like pores from clogging with indigestible material, sour bile and poisonous toxins, says a noted physician.

If you get heartache, it's your liver. If you catch cold easily, it's your liver. If you wake up with a bad taste, furred tongue, nasty breath or stomach becomes rank, it's your liver. Ballow skin, muddy complexion, watery eyes, all denote liver uncleanness. Your liver is the most important, also the most abused and neglected organ of the body. Few know its function or how to release the jammed-up body waste bile and toxins.

Every man and woman, sick or well, should drink each morning before breakfast, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, to wash from the liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible material, the poisons, sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

Limestone phosphate is inexpensive, any pharmacist will sell you a quarter pound, which is sufficient for a demonstration of how hot water and limestone phosphate cleans, stimulates and freshens the liver, keeping you feeling fit day in and day out.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

Announcement

The Oklahoma Union Railway company announces that effective May 1, 1919, tickets will be sold at the following rates:

Tulsa to Red Fork 10c
Tulsa to Bozarth 15c
Tulsa to Parthenia 20c
Tulsa to Aubrey 30c
Tulsa to Sapulpa 40c

There will be no change in cash fares collected on cars and change is only effective where tickets are purchased at ticket office.

Oklahoma Union Railway

MARMON 34

Advanced Engineering—Stabilized Design

Ease at the Wheel

"It is the easiest handling car of American manufacture that I have ever driven," says a noted engineer who obtained his training in Europe.

Every control is at the finger tips. To change gears, or to use the emergency brake, or switches, the driver does not need to change his position. A slight foot pressure disengages the clutch.

The Marmon car can be handled all day without fatigue. In touring both the driver and passengers reach their destination feeling fresh and rested. The perfect balance, unique spring suspension and scientific design produce roadability for which the Marmon is famous.

136-Inch Wheel-base—1100 Pounds Lighter—Only 4 Grease Cups

NORDYKE & MARMON COMPANY, Indianapolis

W. C. Norris Motor Sales Company

701 South Main Phone 5300

Death of Mrs. A. V. Rokoston

Mrs. A. V. Rokoston, age 87, passed away Thursday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank H. DeShon, after a few weeks' illness. Funeral services will be held at 11 o'clock Friday morning from the residence, after which the body will be taken to Mobile, Ala., the former home of the family, for burial.

Forced by Home Opposition. The decision of the Italians to withdraw from Paris was a desperate one but it was forced, according to view here, by the opposition in Italy to the present cabinet, growing so rapidly under the direction of former Minister Nitti and Giolitti, also a former cabinet officer.

It was pointed out that the withdrawal of the delegation did not mean withdrawal of the Italian government from participation in the peace negotiations or from the league of nations. Italy may agree to abide by the decision of the other allies and satisfy herself with a protest against the loss of Fiume. Italy's position, it also was pointed out, is extremely precarious because of the fact that she is almost entirely dependent upon the United States for financial credit, food supplies and fuel.

Europeans Come Here. "Another thing is already apparent when you take into consideration expressions in the newspapers in Japan, Italy, France and England today and that is if we undertake to deal with European affairs nothing can keep them from interfering in American affairs."

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